WHAT'S COOKING IN KHARIF?

As the harvest gains momentum in this season of high food inflation, what's in store for crop prices?

ith the consumer price index-based inflation touching a 14-month high of 6.2 percenting.

index-based inflation touching a 14-month high of 6.2 per cent in October, driven largely by food prices, all eyes are now on the kharif harvest to gauge the trend of inflation in the coming mentis. Vegetable prices, seasonal in nature, saw as harp jump as production got impacted due to the prolonged and intense monsoon. With winter setting in, prices of many vegetables are expected to come down. Onlons, too, might cool down on new arrival.

#### Production scenario

Production scenario

Asper the first advanced estimate of the

2024-25 knaff season, released a few
weeks ago, rice production in the just
concluded knaff season is especied to be
arecord 120 million tonnes, 8-9 per cent
more than the same season last year, due
to a massive jump in acreage, the surplus
morson, and frowardbe prices.

Some reports say the digital crop
survey, employed for the first time this
kharif by the Central government, has
accurately assessed the paddy acreage,
which is why the overall production
numbers have gone up.

Due to the good prices fetched by rice,
some farmers may have shifted from
pulses and cotton to paddy this year.
Retail inflation in rice, as measured by the
Consumer Price Index (combined), was in
double digits for most of the past year
(from October 2023 to Cutober 2024)
before tapering of slightly in the latter
half of the year from July onwards.
Agood rice output should help boost
exports and further eace curbs.
Here is a look at how the other main

Here is a look at how the other main

kharif crops are expected to fare.

24.54 milliontonnes, up almost 10.3 per cent from last season. This should help cool down prices and ensure adequate availability for user industries, including grain-based ethanol manufacturers.

"The maize market is characterised by "The maize market is characterised by strong demand due to the chand industry and stockists holding on to maize, keeping prices stable on high. The record production in India has not significantly impacted the market, as most of the produce has been absorbed by private buyers. Local price fluctuations suggest that while demand is strong, it

suggest that while demand is strong, it varies by region, and the government's role remains limited due to prices being above the MSP (minimum support price)." Rabut Chauhan, commodity analyst with iorain India, told Business Standard.

The trend of stable to high prices he says, will continue unless there is a shift in the ethanol demand, a change in government policy, or a significant shift in international make production, particularly from Brazil.

Now we come to pulses, whose

Now we come to pulses, whose production is expected to drop to 6.95 million tonnes, largely due to a decline in urad output.

### Urad (Black gram)

Urad production in the kharif season is projected at 1.20 million tonnes, as compared to 1.60 million tonnes last kharif.

last kharit.
"The production of urad in India during the Kharif 2024 season is reported to have hit a 10-year low, with estimates pegging the output at 1.21 million tonnes.

# **CROP FIGURES**

Kharif agriculture production (in million tonnes)\*

	2023-24**	2024-25#		% change
Rice	113.25	119.93	5.9	
Maize	22.24	24.54	10.3	
Jowar	1.5	2.19	46.0	
Bajra	9.66	9.37	-3.0	
Ragi	1.67	1.39	-16.8	
Total foodgrains	155.76	164.7	5.7	
Total pulses	6.97	6.95	-0.3	
Urad	1.6	1.2	-25.0	
Moong	1.15	1.38	20.0	
Groundnut	8.66	10.36	19.6	
Soybean	13.06	13.36	2.3	
Total oilseeds	24.16	25.74	6.5	
Sugarcane	453.15	439.93	-2.9	
Cotton***	32.52	29.92	-8.0	
Jute##	9.69	8.45	-12.8	

"According to the first advanced estimate ""According to the last estimate """ In n ##In million bales; I bale=180 kg #According to the first advanced estimate Note: Totals might not match as all crops have not been included

This marks a significant decline compared to previous years, where production ranged between 1.25 million tonnes in Kharif 2015 and a peak of 2.75 million tonnes in Kharif 2017," says Chauhan of i Grain India.

The drop is largely attributed to a reduction in the sowing area, with farmers in key urad-producing states such as Maharashtra and Karnataka

shifting their focus to other crops like *tur* (pigeon pea) due to crop rotation preferences and possibly better returns.

To compensate for the shortfall in

domestic production, India has been importing urad in large quantities. Between April and October 2024, imports

rose nearly 43 per cent.
In India, the prices of *urad* have shown an upward trend, reflecting a tightening

groundnut and soybean.

IMAGING: AJAY MOHANT

of domestic supply, drive by reduced local production. Global prices have been volatile.

Tur production has been on a declining trajectory over the past few years, with production decreasing from 4.32 million tonnes in kharif 2020 to 3.31 million

tonnes in khari (2020) o 3.31 million tonnes in khari (2022. In khari (2023, production increased slight) to 3.42 million tonnes, and the first estimate for khari (2024 is 3.5 million tonnes—indicating a stabilisation in production after years of decline.

Traders say new furrarivals from Karnataka have started, and with the arrival of new goods starting from January-February, there is an expectation of higher availability of turin the market in the coming months.

ofhigher availability of turin the market inthe coming months.

Arrivals in India are expected to peak after December ensuring better domestic supply in the near future, which could bring some relife to price the could bring some relife to price the could bring some relife to price. By the the could change in the next few months as the new harvest starts arriving, with the pear that the could remain the country of the coun

Now, we move from pulses to oilseeds.

Among other crops, oilseed production is projected to rise by 6.5 percent to 25.74 million tonnes, driven by strong output in

#### Groundnut and sovbear

Groundnut production this kharif season is projected at 10.36 million tonnes, or 19.6 per cent more than the same period last year. Soybean output is estimated to rise to 13.36 million tonnes from 13.06 million tennes from 13.

tonnes last year. Robust domestic oilseeds production

tonnes last year.
Robust domestic oilseeds production should help reduce dependence on imported edible oils.
In a statement released on the statemen

Tosalvage the situation, the Central government, in association with states, jointly started procuring groundnut and soybean from farmers at MSP top trop up prices. For groundnut, the procurement targets around 124 million tonnes, with the largest shares coming from Gujarat (133 million tonnes) and Rajasthan (503,000 tonnes). Traders say that given the lower market prices, the government's procurement may increase, providing some price support in the future. In the case of soybean, too, the government is actively procuring from major producing states such as Karnataka, Telangan, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, and Gujarat.
Congress Leaders in poll-bound Maharashtra are highlighting the issue of low procurement with the party's Communications Head Jairant Ramesh blanning the government for letting

blaming the government for letting farmers fend for themselves despite low prices.

### Other crops

Other crops
The first advance estimates show sugarcane production at 439.93 million tonnes, about 3 per cent less than the same period last year. This might necessitate a continuation of the existing

necessitate a continuation of the existing export ban.
Cotton production is estimated took earlmost 8 per cent lower at 2992 million bales (1 bale = 170 kilograms), as there has been a significant shift in acreage due to repeated pest attacks and declining yields.
This could be a major concern. A requirement of the control of the cont

This could be a major concern. A preliminary assessment by the Cotton Association of India suggests India might need to import almost 43 per cent more than last year. Similarly, exports could fall 37 per cent in the 2024-25 season, largely due to reduced cotton output.

# THE PERIA KARAMALAI TEA & THE PERIA KARAMALAI TEA & PRODUCE COMPANY LIMITED Registered Office: 7, Munshi Premchand Sarani,

THE PERIA KARAMALAI LEA & PRODUCE COMPANY LIMITED
Registered Office: 7, Munshi Premchand Sarani,
Hastings, Kolkaba - 700 022
Phone: 91-33-22233394, E-Mail: periate@ilhogroup.com
Website: www.periatea.com. Chin. L01132WB 9159FL C220832
NOTICE

Members are hereby informed that pursuant to Section 110 read with Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 20 and 22 of the Companies
(Management and Administration) Register. 2014; (Rules) indusing any situation,
road-fication or re-enactment inverse for the time being on force need with the
17/2000 dated 137-401, 2000, General Circular Road, 2002/2002 dated 018\*9, 2002, 0900, 2002 dated 018\*9, 2002 dated 028\*9, 2002, 0900, 2002 dated 018\*9, 2002 dated 028\*9, 2002, 2002 dated 028\*9, 2002, 2002 dated 028\*9, 200

of the members will coty take place through the remote e-voting system. Members whose anneas are recorded in the Register of Members of the Company or in the Register of Beneficial Coviners manifated by the Depositions as on the cut-off clart in. - Firstly, 8° Nevember, 2242 only will be nettitled to cast their votes by remote e-voting system. The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed Ms Vinod Kothari & Company, Practising Company Secretaries, Kolkata, as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot through e-voting process in accordance with the in a fair and transparent manner. Members who have not registered their e-mail address so fair, are requested to register their e-mail address of a fair, are requested to the register their e-mail address of a fair are requested to the register their e-mail address of a fair are requested to the register their e-mail address for email address on the second procedure of the process of the company descriptions of the remail and combatore@inkinfine.co.in.

receiving all communications from the Company electronically with RTA at email at colmitatore@linkthrina.co.i.

The Members, who have not received the Postal Ballot notice may apply to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. MSL link Intime India PL. LLG. "Surya", 3.5 Mayflower Avenue, Berlind Senfish Wagar, Soortpalysiam Road, Turner S. S. S. Mayflower Avenue, Berlind Senfish Wagar, Soortpalysiam Road, Turner S. S. S. Mayflower Avenue, Berlind Senfish Wagar, Soortpalysiam Road, Turner S. The Postal Ballot Notice is also available at Company's website www.peristea.com. and CDSL evolting website is www.evolingindia.com. Incompliance with the provisions of Section 108.8 1100 feb Companies & Administration Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time), the Company is pleased to provide the Members (whether hodding shares in physical or demantaristized form) with the facility to exercise their right to vote on the matters set out in the Postal Ballot notice by electronic means is. through e-voting services provided by Companie December Services Gradul Linder (CDSL). The Total Man and and so Friday, the 13" day of December, 2024 at 5.00 PM. E-Voting module will be blocked by CDSL after 6500 PM. on Friday, the 13" day of December, 2024 at 5.00 PM. E-Voting module will be blocked by CDSL after 6500 PM. on Friday, the 13" day of December, 2024 at 10 criting purpose.

The results of the Postal Ballot E-voting shall be announced by the Charman

for evoling purpose.

The results of the Postal BallotE-voting shall be announced by the Chairn of the Company or in his absence, any sensor surhorized by him, will be a subject to the property of the postal ballotE-voting along with the Scrintinezer's Report with the posted the Company's website at www.periatae.com and CDSL website www.veortingrinds.com and shall be displayed on the Nebice Boar the Company at the Registered Office of the Company at 7, Munch Phranch Sarami, Instalings, Mototale - 700022.

If you have any queries or issues regarding e-Voting from the CDSL System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia contact at toll free No. 1800 22 55 33.

3) 22 55 33.

By Order of the Board
For The Peria Karamalai Tea & Produce Co. Ltd
Sd/ Place : Kolkata Date : 13.11.2024







(₹ in lakhs)

# **Refex Industries Limited**

Regd. Office: 2nd Floor, No.313, Refex Towers, Sterling Road, Valluvar Kottam High Road, Nungan akkam. Chennai - 600034, Tamil Nadu Phone: 044-4340 5950 | Website: www.refex.co.in | CIN: L45200TN2002PLC049601



ASH & COAL HANDLING





## Extract of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Half year ended 30th Sentember 2024

Extract of offautited finalicial fiesuits for the quarter and fiant year ended 30 September 2024											(X III IAKII		
		Standalone					Consolidated						
			Quarter Ended		Half year ended		Year Ended	Quarter Ended			Half year end		Year Ended
S No.	Particulars	Sep 30, 2024	Jun 30, 2024	Sep 30, 2023	Sep 30, 2024	Sep 30, 2023	Mar 31, 2024	Sep 30, 2024	Jun 30, 2024	Sep 30, 2023	Sep 30, 2024	Sep 30, 2023	Mar 31, 2024
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	51,980.01	58,965.25	35,030.80	1,10,945.26	73,167.43	1,37,055.78	52,765.32	59,512.40	35,220.67	1,12,277.72	73,453.40	1,38,287.03
2	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and taxes	4,964.78	4,805.82	3,186.56	9,770.59	6,197.07	13,183.53	4,174.73	3,906.37	3,030.86	8,081.12	5,969.53	12,146.26
3	Profit/(Loss) before taxes (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	4,991.86	4,805.82	3,190.46	9,797.67	6,183.68	13,170.46	4,201.81	3,906.37	3,034.76	8,108.20	5,956.14	12,133.19
4	Profit/(Loss) after taxes (after exceptional, extraordinary items, and associates share)	3,731.60	3,596.82	2,340.25	7,328.39	4,541.62	10,094.72	3,106.15	2,934.67	2,143.76	6,040.83	4,270.96	9,297.87
5	Total Comprehensive Profit/(Loss) for the period	3,730.49	3,596.82	2,329.87	7,327.28	4,531.24	10,076.63	3,106.52	2,934.67	2,133.38	6,041.20	4,260.58	9,280.08
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (face value of Rs.2/- each)	2,414.21	2,313.63	2,210.70	2,414.21	2,210.70	2,313.63	2,414.21	2,313.63	2,210.70	2,414.21	2,210.70	2,313.63
7	Reserve (excluding revaluation reserve)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44,951.92	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44,244.19
8	Basic Earnings per share (in Rs.)	3.12	3.11	2.12	6.23	4.11	9.12	2.60	2.54	1.94	5.14	3.86	8.40
9	Diluted Earning per share (in Rs.)	3.10	3.06	2.10	6.17	4.08	9.08	2.58	2.50	1.93	5.09	3.84	8.36

- 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of unaudited financial results for the quarter and half year ended 30th September, 2024 filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI [LODR] Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on the Company website at www.refex.co.in
- 2. The Financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND-AS) notified under Sec.133 of the Companies Act, 2013 3. Figures have been re-grouped/re-classified/restated to make them comparable to the figures wherever necessary
- 4. The above unaudited results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in the meetings held on 13th November 2024









By Order of the Board For Refex Indus\*\* Anil Jain Chairman & Ma











